A. General Information

A1 Address Information

Name of College/University:	Brown University
Mailing Address:	One Prospect Street
City/State/Zip/Country:	Providence, RI 02912
Street Address (if different):	
City/State/Zip/Country:	
Main Phone Number:	401-863-1000
WWW Home Page Address:	www.brown.edu
Admissions Phone Number:	401-863-2378
Admissions Toll-Free Phone Number:	n/a
Admissions Office Mailing Address:	Box 1876, 45 Prospect Street
City/State/Zip/Country:	Providence, RI 02912 USA
Admissions Fax Number:	401-863-9300
Admissions E-mail Address:	admission_undergraduate@brown.edu
If there is a separate URL for your	app.applyyourself.com/?id=brown-u
school's online application, please	
specify:	

If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:

A2 Source of institutional control (Check only one):

Public	
Private (nonprofit)	Χ
Proprietary	

A3 Classify your undergraduate institution:

Coeducational college	Χ
Men's college	
Women's college	

A4 Academic year calendar:

Semester	Χ
Quarter	
Trimester	
4-1-4	
Continuous	
Differs by program (describe):	
Other (describe):	

A5 Degrees offered by your institution:

Certificate	
Diploma	
Associate	
Transfer Associate	
Terminal Associate	
Bachelor's	Х
Postbachelor's certificate	
Master's	Х
Post-master's certificate	
Doctoral	Χ
First professional	Χ
First professional certificate	

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B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Institutional Enrollment - Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2007.

	FULL-	TIME	PART-T	IME
	Men	Women	Men	Women
Undergraduates				
Degree-seeking, first-time				
freshmen	665	814	0	0
Other first-year, degree-seeking	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
All other degree-seeking	2,111	2,191	17	15
Total degree-seeking	2,776	3,005	17	15
All other undergraduates enrolled				
in credit courses	3	6	63	123
Total undergraduates	2,779	3,011	80	138
First-Professional				
First-time, first-professional				
students	42	54	0	0
All other first-professionals	122	153	2	0
Total first-professional	164	207	2	0
Graduate				
Degree-seeking, first-time	210	209	8	9
All other degree-seeking	693	571	18	17
All other graduates enrolled in				
credit courses	4	2	14	31
Total graduate	907	782	40	57
Total all undergraduates				6,008
Total all graduate and professional s	tudents			2,159
GRAND TOTAL ALL STUDENTS			_	8,167

B2 Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2007. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-Seeking First-Time First Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non-degree- seeking)
Nonresident aliens	126	409	434
Black, non-Hispanic	103	394	395
American Indian or Alaska Native	7	38	38
Asian or Pacific Islander	265	887	903
Hispanic	138	489	493
White, non-Hispanic	652	2,822	2,868
Race/ethnicity unknown	188	774	877
TOTAL	1,479	5,813	6,008

Persistence

B3 Number of degrees awarded from July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007

Transport of dogrees arranged from the	, .,
Certificate/diploma	

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Associate degrees	
Bachelor's degrees	1,530
Postbachelor's certificates	
Master's degrees	359
Post-Master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees	170
First professional degrees	93
First professional certificates	

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2007 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 2001 cohort if available. If fall 2001 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 2000 cohort.

Fall 2001 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2001. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2001.

B4	Initial 2001 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking	
	undergraduate students; total all students:	1,377
B5	Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
	following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid	
	service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable	
	exclusions:	2
B6	Final 2001 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from	
	question B4)	1,375
B7	Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by	
	August 31, 2005):	1,154
B8	Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but	
	in five years or less (after August 31, 2005 and by August 31, 2006):	126
B9	Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but	
	in six years or less (after August 31, 2006 and by August 31, 2007):	24
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	1,304
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2001 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	95%

Fall 2000 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2000. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 2000.

B4	Initial 2000 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking	
	undergraduate students; total all students:	1,419
B5	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the	
	following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid	
	service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable	
	exclusions:	4

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Common Data Set 2007-08

B6	Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: (subtract question B5 from	
	question B4)	1,415
B7	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by	
	August 31, 2004):	1,177
B8	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but	
	in five years or less (after August 31, 2004 and by August 31, 2005):	139
В9	Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but	
	in six years or less (after August 31, 2005 and by August 31, 2006):	13
B10	Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9):	1,329
B11	Six-year graduation rate for 2000 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6):	94%

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2006 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22	For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate	
	students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2006 (or the preceding	
	summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your	
	institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2007?	98%

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C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1 First-time, first-year, (freshmen) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2007. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

, , ,	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who applied	7,714
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who applied	11,383
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men who were admitted	1,250
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women who were admitted	1,419
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	666
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men who enrolled	0
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	818
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women who enrolled	0

C2 Freshman wait-listed students (students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability)

	Yes	No
Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list?	X	
If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2007 admissions:		
Number of qualified applicants offered a placed on waiting list	1,400	
Number accepting a place on the waiting list	450	
Number of wait-listed students admitted	73	
Is your waiting list ranked?		X
If yes, do you release that information to students?		
Do you release that information to school counselors?		

Admission Requirements

C3 High school completion requirement

riigii school compiction requirement	
High school diploma is required and GED is accepted	
High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted	Х
High school diploma or equivalent is not required	

C4 Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

Require	X
Recommend	
Neither require nor recommend	

C5 Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended. Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	16	20
English	4	4
Mathematics	3	4
Science	3	4

Of these, units that must be lab	2	3
Foreign language	3	4
Social studies	0	0
History	2	2
Academic electives	1	1
Computer Science	0	0
Visual/Performing Arts	0	1
Other (specify)	Familiarity with computers is recommended. Physics, chemistry, and as advanced a level of mathematics as possible are recommended for prospective science or engineering majors.	

Basis for Selection

C6 Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

ii ee, eneek wiien appliee.	
Open admission policy as described above for all students	
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
selective admission for out-of-state students	
selective admission to some programs	
other (explain)	

C7 Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic			1	1
Rigor of secondary school record	X			
Class rank		X		
Academic GPA		X		
Standardized test scores		X		
Application Essay		Х		
Recommendation(s)		X		
Nonacademic				
Interview			X	
Extracurricular activities		X		
Talent/ability	Х			
Character/personal qualities	X			
First generation			Х	
Alumni/ae relation			Х	
Geographical residence			Х	
State residency			X	
Religious affiliation/commitment				Х
Racial/ethnic status			Х	
Volunteer work			Х	
Work experience			Х	
Level of applicant's interest	Х	_		

SAT and ACT Policies

C8 Entrance exams

		Yes	No	i
C8A	Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT Subject Test scores in			ĺ
	admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?	X		ĺ
				ĺ

If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for **Fall 2009**.

	ADMISSION				
	Require	Recommend	Require for Some	Consider if Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT			+	Submitted	
ACT only					
SAT only					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT	Χ				
SAT Subject Tests only					

	he ACT in admission decisions for first-t		
· •	NE of the following applies: (regardless of	of whether the writing	g score will be used in the
admissions process): ACT with Writing Component requi	ired	Х	
ACT with Writing component recor			
ACT with or without Writing compo			
C8C Please indicate how your institution	n will use the SAT or ACT writing compo	nent; check all that a	apply:
For admission		X	
For placement			
For advising			
In place of an application essay			
As a validity check on the applicati	on essay		
No college policy as of now Not using essay component			
Not using essay component			
C8D In addition, does your institution u	se applicants' test scores for academic a	dvising?	
	Yes No]	
	X]	
C8E Latest date by which SAT or ACT s	scores must be received for fall-term	January	
Latest date by which SAT Subject	Test scores must be received for fall-	January	
term admission		,	
C8F If necessary use this space to clar	ify your test policies (e.g., if tests are rec	ommended for some	students or if
in necessary, and this space to clar	ny your test ponoies (e.g., ii teste die res	ommended for come	o otacinto, or ii
C8G Please indicate which tests your institu	ition uses for placement (e.g., state tests):		
SAT			
ACT	i I		

Freshman Profile

SAT Subject Tests

Institutional Exam
State Exam (specify):

CLEP

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2007, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9 Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2007 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

Percent submitting SAT scores	93%	Number submitting SAT scores	1,374
Percent submitting ACT scores	27%	Number submitting ACT scores	401

	25th Percentile	75th Percentile
SAT Critical Reading	660	760
SAT Math	670	770
SAT Writing	660	760
SAT Essay		
ACT Composite	28	33
ACT Math	27	34
ACT English	28	34
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

	SAT Critical	SAT Critical			
	Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing		
700-800	61%	66%	62%		
600-699	29%	28%	28%		
500-599	9%	6%	10%		
400-499	1%	0%	0%		
300-399	0%	0%	0%		
200-299	0%	0%	0%		
Totals should = 100%	100%	100%	100%		
	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math		
30-36	63%				
24-29	33%				
18-23	4%				
12-17	0%				
6-11	0%				
Below 6	0%				
Totals should = 100%	100.00%	0.00%	0.00%		

C10 Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	92%	
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	99%	
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	100%	Top half +
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	0%	bottom half = 100%
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	0%	
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshmen) students who submitted high	school class rank:	44%

C11 Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	n/a
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	n/a
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	n/a
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	n/a
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	n/a

Percent who had GPA between 2.00 and 2.49	n/a
Percent who had GPA between 1.00 and 1.99	n/a
Percent who had GPA below 1.00	n/a
Totals should = 100%	n/a

C12 Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA:

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA:

n/a

Admission Policies

C13 Application Fee

	Yes	No
Does your institution have an application fee?	X	
Amount of application fee:	\$70	
	Yes	No
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?	X	

If you	u have	an	application	fee	and	an	on-line	apı	olication	option.	please
,		~	~ppoao		~	~.	•	~~		ορ,	p.000

Same fee:	X
Free:	
Reduced:	

	Yes	No
Can on-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need?	×	

C14 Application closing date

Tippersument streeting many				
	Yes	No		
Does your institution have an				
application closing date?	X			
Application closing date (fall):	January 1			
Priority date:	n/a			

C15		Yes	No
	Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the		V
	fall?		Χ

C16 Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

On a rolling basis beginning (date):	
By (date):	April 1
Other:	

C17 Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)

reply policy for duffillion application	(1111 111 0110 0111)	
Must reply by (date):	May 1	
No set date:		
Must reply by May 1 or within		
weeks if notified thereafter		
Other:		
Deadline for housing deposit (MM/DD):		n/a
Amount of housing deposit:		n/a
Refundable if student does not enroll?		

Yes, in full	n/a
Yes, in part	n/a
No	n/a

C18 Deferred admission

		Yes	No
Does your institution allow students to postpone er admission?	rollment after	X	
If yes, maximum period of postponement:	1 year		

C19 Early admission of high school students

	Yes	No
Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?		х

Early Decision and Early Action Plans

C21 Early Decision

	Yes	No
Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?	Х	

If "yes," please complete the following:

First or only early decision plan closing date	November 1
First or only early decision plan notification date	December 15
Other early decision plan closing date	n/a
Other early decision plan notification date	n/a

For the Fall 2007 entering class:

Number of early decision applications received by your institution	2,324
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	525

Please provide significant details about your early decision plan: ED candidates may not apply to EA plans or other ED plans.

C22 Early action

	Yes	No
Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified		
of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but		
do not have to commit to attending your college?		Χ
If "yos " places complete the following:		

If "yes," please complete the following:

Early action closing da	ate	
Early action notification	on date	

Is your early action plan a "restrictive" plan under which you limit students from applying to other early plans?

Yes	No

D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall Applicants

D'

	Yes	No
Does your institution enroll transfer students? (If no, please skip to Section E)	Х	
If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities?	Х	

D2 Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2007.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants
Men	425	46	24
Women	579	44	31
Total	1,004	90	55

Application for Admission

D3 Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll:

Fall	Χ
Winter	
Spring	Χ
Summer	

D4

	Yes	No
Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?	X	
If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure?	8 courses	

D5 Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not Required
High school transcript	Х				
College transcript(s)	Х				
Essay or personal statement	Х				
Interview					Х
Standardized test scores	Х				
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)	Х				

D6 If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

D7 If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale):

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- List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants: Each applicant must submit 2 letters of recommendation from college instructors.
- **D9** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall		March 1	May 15	June 10	
Winter					
Spring		March 1	May 15	June 10	
Summer				_	

D10		Yes	No
	Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to		V
	transfer students?		^

D11 Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: Students may not transfer into the Program in Liberal Medical Education (PLME).

Transfer Credit Policies

- Page 7 Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: 2.00
- D13 Number Unit Type

 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:

 15 courses
- D14 Number Unit Type

 Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:

 15 courses
- D15 Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree:

 n/a
- Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:
- D17 Describe other transfer credit policies: Courses in professional or career-oriented programs are generally not acceptable for transfer credit; courses taken at non-accredited institutions are not acceptable for transfer credit.

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E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1 Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.

Accelerated program	
Cooperative education program	
Cross-registration	X
Distance learning	
Double major	X
Dual enrollment	
English as a Second Language (ESL)	
Exchange student program (domestic)	X
External degree program	
Honors Program	X
Independent study	X
Internships	X
Liberal arts/career combination	
Student-designed major	X
Study abroad	X
Teacher certification program	X
Weekend college	
Other (specify):	

E3 Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

MOIN prior to graduations	
Arts/fine arts	
Computer literacy	
English (including composition)	X
Foreign languages	
History	
Humanities	
Mathematics	
Philosophy	
Sciences (biological or physical)	
Social science	
Other (describe):	

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F. STUDENT LIFE

F1 Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2007 who fit the following categories:

	First-time, first-year (freshman) students	Undergraduates
Percent who are from out of state (exclude international/nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator)	96%	95%
Percent of men who join fraternities	0%	10%
Percent of women who join sororities	0%	7%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or - affiliated housing	100%	80%
Percent who live off campus or commute	0%	20%
Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	1%
Average age of full-time students	18	20
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	20

F2 Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

Campus Ministries	Χ
Choral groups	Χ
Concert band	Χ
Dance	Χ
Drama/theater	Χ
International Student	Х
Organization	^
Jazz band	Χ
Literary magazine	Χ
Marching band	Χ
Model UN	Χ
Music ensembles	Χ
Musical theater	Χ
Opera	Χ
Pep band	Χ
Radio station	Χ
Student government	Χ
Student newspaper	Χ
Student-run film society	Χ
Symphony orchestra	Χ
Television station	Χ
Yearbook	Χ

F3 ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

	On Campus	At Cooperating Institution	Name of Cooperating Institution
Army ROTC is offered:		X	Providence College
Naval ROTC is offered:			
Air Force ROTC is offered:			

F4 Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates at your institution.

undergraduates at your montunon	
Coed dorms	Χ
Men's dorms	
Women's dorms	
Apartments for married students	
Apartments for single students	Χ
Special housing for disabled	Х
students	Α
Special housing for international	
students	
Fraternity/sorority housing	Χ
Cooperative housing	Χ
Other housing options (specify):	Х
Student-initiated program houses including substance-free & quiet.	,

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G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2008-2009 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

G1 Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2008-2009 academic year (30 semester or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A full academic year refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. Room and board is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. Required fees include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are not included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do not include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

G1		First-Year	Undergraduates
G1	PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS		
	Tuition:	\$36,928	\$36,928
G1	NONRESIDENT ALIENS		
	Tuition:	\$36,928	\$36,928
G1	REQUIRED FEES:	\$790	\$790
G1	ROOM AND BOARD:		
	(on-campus)	\$10,022	\$10,022
G1	ROOM ONLY:		
	(on-campus)	\$6,216	\$6,216
G1	BOARD ONLY:		
	(on-campus meal plan)	\$3,806	\$3,806

G1	Other:

G2		Minimum	Maximum
G2	Number of credits per term a student can take for the		
	stated full-time tuition	3	5

G3		Yes	No
G3	Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore,		V
	junior, senior)?		X

G4 If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly:

G5 Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

G5		Residents	Commuters	Commuters (not living at home)	
			(living at home)		
G5	Books and supplies	\$1,230	\$1,230	\$1,230	
G5	Room only			\$6,216	
G5	Board only		\$3,806	\$3,806	

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G5	Room and board total (if your			
	college cannot provide separate			
	room and board figures for			
	commuters not living at home):			\$10,022
G5	Transportation			
G5	Other expenses	\$1,590	\$1,590	\$1,590

G6 Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only)

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:

\$4,616

NONRESIDENT ALIENS:

\$4,616

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H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (**using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1**, "total degree-seeking" **undergraduates**) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2006-2007 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2006-2007 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). **Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns**. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

H1		2007-2008	2006-2007
		estimated	final
	Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:	Х	

H3 Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid?

H3 Federal methodology (FM)
H3 Institutional methodology (IM)
H3 Both FM and IM
X

H1		Need-based \$ (Include non-need-based aid used to meet need.)	Non-need- based \$ (Exclude non-need- based aid used to meet need.)
H1	Scholarships/Grants		
H1	Federal	\$3,374,058	\$0
H1	State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	\$241,400	\$0
H1	Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	\$55,277,312	\$0
H1	Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	\$2,138,805	\$2,984,736
H1	Total Scholarships/Grants	\$61,031,575	\$2,984,736
H1	Self-Help		
H1	Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	\$11,079,314	\$6,950,164
H1	Federal Work-Study	\$2,832,766	
H1	State and other (e.g., institutional) work-study/employment (Note:		
	Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)	\$149,087	\$0
H1	Total Self-Help	\$14,061,167	\$6,950,164
H1	Other		
H1	Parent Loans	\$0	\$7,409,754
H1	Tuition Waivers Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.	\$363,832	\$2,224,879
H1	Athletic Awards	\$0	\$0

H2 Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2			First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergraduate
H2	a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2007 cohort)	1479	5790	235
H2	b)	Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	878	2843	0
H2	c)	Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	663	2503	0
H2	d)	Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	663	2503	0
H2	e)	need-based scholarship or grant aid	650	2405	0
H2	f)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	522	2274	0
H2	g)	Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	0	0	0
H2	h)	Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	663	2503	0
H2	i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	100.0%	100.0%	0.0%
H2	j)	The average financial aid package of those in line d . Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$ 31,116	\$ 30,588	\$ -
H2	k)	Average need-based scholarship and grant award of those in line e	\$ 26,874	\$ 24,730	\$ -
H2	I)	Average need-based self-help award (<u>excluding PLUS</u> <u>loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative</u> <u>loans</u>) of those in line f	\$ 4,249	\$ 6,184	\$ -
H2	m)	Average need-based loan (<u>excluding PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , <u>and private alternative loans</u>) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$ 4,249	\$ 5,254	\$ -

H2A Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

H2A		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh.)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
H2A	n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	0	0	0
H2A	Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$ 0	\$ O	\$ 0
H2A	Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	0	0	0
H2A	 q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p 	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0

H3 Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5, and H5a.

Include: * 2007 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007 who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007.

* only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.

Exclude: * those who transferred in. * money borrowed at other institutions.

H4	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through	
	any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and	
	Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent	
	loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	
		46%
H4a		
	Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through	
	federal loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized.	
	Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE:	
	exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans.	44%
H5	Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line	
	H4	\$18 610

^{*} co-signed loans.

H5a	Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedne		
	loan programsFederal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsul		
	both Federal Direct Student Loan and Federal Family Education Loans.		
	in line 4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans	s and exclude	447.7 0
	parent loans.		\$17,78
	Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Alie dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)	ns (Note: Report r	numbers and
Н6	Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and g seeking nonresident aliens:	rant aid for undergi	raduate degree-
Н6	Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available	X	
Н6	Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available		
H6	Institutional scholarship or grant aid is not available		
ПС	If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking	a nonrocident	
Н6	aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking nonreside		
	were awarded need-based or non-need-based aid:	it alleris willo	10
	were awarded freed-based of fron-freed-based aid.		12
Н6	Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergrad	duate degree-	
110	seeking nonresident aliens:	addio dogroo	\$40,817
	cooking nomeolocik dilette.		Ψ10,011
Н6	Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergradua	te degree-seeking	
	nonresident aliens:	3	\$4,938,870
		•	
H7	Check off all financial aid forms nonresident alien first-year financial aid	applicants must su	bmit:
H7	Institution's own financial aid form		
H7	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE		
H7	International Student's Financial Aid Application	X	
H7	International Student's Certification of Finances	X	
H7	Other (specify): Canadian students submit CSS PROFILE	X	
	Process for First-Year/Freshman Students		
	1 10cess for 1 inst-real/r restillian Students		
Н8	Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial	aid applicants mus	t submit:
H8	FAFSA	X	
H8	Institution's own financial aid form		
Н8	CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE	Х	
H8	State aid form		
Н8	Noncustodial PROFILE	X	
Н8	Business/Farm Supplement	X	
H8	Other (specify):		
H9	Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	
H9	Priority date for filing required financial aid forms:	Fabrus 4	
H9	Deadline for filing required financial aid forms:	February 1	
Н9	No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a		

rolling basis):

H10	Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) stud	dents (answer a or	b):
H10	a) Students notified on or about (date):		April 1
H10		Yes	No
H10	b) Students notified on a rolling basis:		Х
H10	If yes, starting date:		
H11	Indicate reply dates:		
H11	Students must reply by (date):	May 1	
H11	or within weeks of notification.		
H12 H12 H12 H12 H12 H12	Types of Aid Available Please check off all types of aid available to undergrad Loans FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIF Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans FFEL PLUS Loans	RECT LOAN)	tution: X X X X
H12	Federal Perkins Loans		Х
H12	Federal Nursing Loans		
H12	State Loans		
H12	College/university loans from institutional funds		Χ
H12	Other (specify):	L	
H13 H13	Scholarships and Grants NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG		X X
	State scholarships/grants		X
	Private scholarships		X
H13	College/university scholarship or grant aid from institut	tional funds	X
H13	United Negro College Fund		- `
H13	Federal Nursing Scholarship		
H13	Other (specify):		
		Leady all that apply	
H14	Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Ch	Non-Need Based	Need-Based
H14	Academics	INDITINGGU DASGU	NCCU-Dascu
H14	Alumni affiliation		
H14	Art		
H14	Athletics		
H14	Job skills		
H14	ROTC		
H14	Leadership		

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H14	Minority status	
H14	Music/drama	
H14	Religious affiliation	
H14	State/district residency	

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2007. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-time	Part-time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian or Pacific Islander: or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

11

1		Full-Time	Part-Time	Total
1	a) Total number of instructional faculty	778	162	940
1	b) Total number who are members of minority groups	125	17	142
1	c) Total number who are women	264	69	333
1	d) Total number who are men	514	93	607
1	e) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	43	13	56
	f) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal			
1	degree	737	100	837

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	g)	Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal			
I1		master's	31	26	57
I1	h)	Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	8	23	31
	i١	Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note:			
I 1	1)	Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)	2	13	15
	i١	Total number in stand-alone graduate/ professional programs in			
I1	J <i>)</i>	which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	n/a	n/a	n/a

I2 Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2007 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

12	Fall 2007 Student to Faculty ratio	8	to 1	(based on	7352	students
				and	889	faculty).

Undergraduate Class Size

13

13 13 In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2007 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2007. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

13	Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)								
13	CLASS	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
13	SECTIONS	354	414	137	51	36	64	37	1093

CLASS SUB-	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
SECTIONS								0

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J. DEGREES CONFERRED

- J1 Degrees conferred between July 1, 2006 and June 30, 2007
- J1 For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

J1	Category	Bachelor's
J1	Agriculture	240110101 0
J1	Natural resources/environmental science	0.7%
J1	Architecture	1.1%
J1	Area and ethnic studies	5.5%
J1	Communications/journalism	0.070
J1	Communication technologies	
J1	Computer and information sciences	1.8%
J1	Personal and culinary services	1.070
J1	Education	1.3%
J1	Engineering	3.8%
J1	Engineering technologies	0.070
J1	Foreign languages and literature	5.6%
J1	Family and consumer sciences	0.070
J1	Law/legal studies	
J1	English	4.9%
J1	Liberal arts/general studies	
J1	Library science	
J1	Biological/life sciences	10.1%
J1	Mathematics	2.1%
J1	Military science and technologies	
J1	Interdisciplinary studies	4.6%
J1	Parks and recreation	
J1	Philosophy and religious studies	3.2%
J1	Theology and religious vocations	
J1	Physical sciences	2.5%
J1	Science technologies	
J1	Psychology	4.4%
J1	Security and protective services	
J1	Public administration and social services	1.5%
J1	Social sciences	22.9%
J1	Construction trades	
J1	Mechanic and repair technologies	
J1	Precision production	
J1	Transportation and materials moving	
J1	Visual and performing arts	7.0%
J1	Health professions and related sciences	2.1%
J1	Business/marketing	7.7%
J1	History	7.1%
J1	Other	
J1	TOTAL (should = 100%)	100.00%

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Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, **non-Hispanic**: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: Chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, **non-Hispanic**: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

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Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.